

STIC Search Report

STIC Database Track

TO: John Goodrow Location: REM 10A45

Art Unit : 1756 April 1, 2005

Case Serial Number: 10/657484

From: Les Henderson Location: EIC 1700 REM 4B28 / 4A30 Phone: 571-272-2538

Leslie.henderson@uspto.gov

Steamin Notes

but not even the application shows up yet in STN. I did find other sa	alts and isomers, which are included.	

There are no hits for the calcium diazo dye you submitted (L8). The compound is in the registry file (L7),



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=> d his
```

```
(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:38:30 ON 01 APR 2005)
     FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 10:38:41 ON 01 APR 2005
                E 20050054385/PN
                E US20050054385/PN
                E BINDRA AMRIT/AU
              9 S E3-E5
L1
          11364 S RED(2A) PIGMENT?
L2
L3
              2 S L1 AND L2
                SEL L3 RN
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:45:03 ON 01 APR 2005
L4
             24 S E1-E24
     FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:51:23 ON 01 APR 2005
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:04:50 ON 01 APR 2005
               E C20H14N2O7S2.CA/MF
              4 S C20H14N2O7S2.CA/MF
                E C20H14N2O7S2.CA/MF
             10 S E5-8
1.6
             1 S 83249-60-9/RN
L7
     FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 11:15:00 ON 01 APR 2005
                E COMPOSITION/CT
                E COATING/CT
^{\text{L8}}
              0 S L7
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:19:43 ON 01 APR 2005
              1 S 141025-34-5/RN
L9
               E 73019-25-7/RN
              1 S. 73019-25-7/RN
L10
               E 67990-37-8/RN
              1 S 67990-37-8/RN
L11
     FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 11:37:03 ON 01 APR 2005
     FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 11:37:17 ON 01 APR 2005
L12
             0 S L7
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:38:18 ON 01 APR 2005
              0 S L7
L13
              1 S L9
L14
              0 S L10
L15
L16
              0 S L11
     FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 11:41:52 ON 01 APR 2005
L17
             0 S L9-L11
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:42:29 ON 01 APR 2005
                E C20H14N2O7S2.CA/MF
                E 410538-28-2/RN
              1 S 410538-28-2/RN
L18
                E 250639-69-1/RN
```

1 S 250639-69-1/RN

E 139966-00-0/RN 1 S 139966-00-0/RN

L19

L20

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E 90333-45-2/RN
L21
             1 S 90333-45-2/RN
               E 62681-89-4/RN
L22
             1 S 62681-89-4/RN
               E 62681-88-3/RN
L23
             1 S 62681-88-3/RN
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:54:29 ON 01 APR 2005
L24
             0 S L18
             1 S L19
L25
             0 S L20
L26
             1 S L21
L27
L28
             1 S L22
L29
             1 S L23
    FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 11:56:51 ON 01 APR 2005
             0 S L18-L23
L30
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:57:19 ON 01 APR 2005
             3 S L9-L11
L31
             6 S L18-L23
L32
    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:59:32 ON 01 APR 2005
             4 S L14 OR L24-L29
L33
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:03:18 ON 01 APR 2005
=> d 17 all
    ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L7
RN
    83249-60-9 REGISTRY
    Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
    1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 2-[(2-hydroxy-6-sulfo-1-
CN
    naphthalenyl)azo]-, calcium salt (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
MF
    C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . Ca
    STN Files: CHEMLIST
LC
    Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
        (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
CRN
    (111797-52-5)
Ring System Data
Elemental|Elemental| Size of |Ring System| Ring |
Analysis |Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence
      | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count
______+__+__+__+
C6-C6 | C6-C6 | 6-6 | C10
                                      |591.49.57 |2
```

Ca

=> d 131 1-3 all

```
L31 ANSWER 1 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     141025-34-5 REGISTRY
RN
     Entered STN: 01 May 1992
ED
     1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 2-[(2-hydroxy-3-sulfo-1-
CN
     naphthalenyl)azo]-, calcium salt (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . Ca
MF
SR
    CA
LC
    STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent
RL.P Roles from patents: USES (Uses)
CRN (787518-41-6)
```

Ring System Data

Elementa	l Elementa	al Size o	of Ring Syst	em Ring	RID
Analysis	Sequence	e the Rir	ngs Formula	Identifie	r Occurrence
EA	l ES	SZ	RF	RID	Count
=======	=+======	==+=====	===+=======	==+=======	=+=======
C6-C6	C6-C6	6-6	C10	591.49.57	1 2

● Ca

116:257360 CA

Preparation of mixed laked azo pigments Necas, Miroslav; Plechacek, Vaclav

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1

AN TI

IN

```
Czech.
PA
SO
     Czech., 4 pp.
     CODEN: CZXXA9
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     Czech
     ICM C09B065-00
IC
     41-3 (Dyes, Organic Pigments, Fluorescent Brighteners, and
     Photographic Sensitizers)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
                     ____
                                           -----
                                                            _____
                      В1
     CS 268606
                            19900314
                                           CS 1988-6215
                                                            19880919
PΙ
                     19880919
PRAI CS 1988-6215
     Red pigments for printing inks, varnishes, and plastics with
     brilliant modified shades are prepared by coupling a mixture containing
     75-99.5% diazotized 2,4,5-H2N(R1)(R2)C6H2SO3H (R1, R2 = H, C1, Me)
     and 0.5-25\% diazotized 2,n-H2NC10H6SO3H (n = 1, 5, 6, 7, 8) with
     3,2-HOC10H6CO2H (I) and laking the zo dye with Ca, Ba, Mg, Sr, or
     Mn. A mixture containing 96 mol% Ca salt of 2,4-HO3S MeC6H3NH2 \rightarrow I
     (II) and 4 mol% Ca salt of 1,2-HO3SC10H6-NH2 \rightarrow I was prepared
     in this way and had a more bluish shade than II.
     azo pigment mixt lake
ST
ΙT
     Pigments
        (azo, laked, manufacture of mixed, with modified shade)
     81-16-3, 2-Naphthylamine-1-sulfonic acid 86-60-2,
·IT
     2-Naphthylamine-8-sulfonic acid 88-44-8, 4-Aminotoluene-3-sulfonic
           140921-46-6
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (coupling of diazotized, with hydroxynaphthoic acid)
ΙT
     92-70-6, 3-Hydroxy-2-naphthoic acid
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (coupling of, with mixts. of diazotized aminobenzene- and
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-naphthalenesulfonic acids)
     73612-29-0
                  141025-33-4 141025-34-5 141025-35-6 141025-36-7
     141025-37-8
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (mixts. containing, manufacture of, as pigments)
     ANSWER(2)OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L31
     73019-25-7 REGISTRY
RN
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
     2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-[(2-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl)azo]-,
CN
     calcium salt (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
MF
     C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . Ca
LC
     STN Files:
                 CHEMLIST
     Other Sources: NDSL**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
     (90339 - 80 - 3)
CRN
```

Ring System Data

● Ca

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L31 ANSWER 3 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     67990-37-8 REGISTRY
RN
ED
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
     1,5-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 2-[(2-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl)azo]-,
CN
     calcium salt (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . Ca
MF
LC
     STN Files:
                 CHEMLIST
     Other Sources: EINECS**, NDSL**, TSCA**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
CRN
     (116680 - 42 - 3)
```

Ring System Data

Element	al Elementa	al Size o	f Ring Syst	cem Ring	RID
Analysi	s Sequence	e the Rin	gs Formula	a Identifi	er Occurrence
EĀ	ES	l SZ	RF	RID	Count
======	==+=====	=+=====	==+=======	===+=======	==+=======
C6-C6	C6-C6	16-6	C10	591.49.5	7 2

● Ca

```
=> d que stat 132
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 410538-28-2/RN
L18
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                                 250639-69-1/RN
L19
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 139966-00-0/RN
L20
                                                 90333-45-2/RN
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
L21
                                                 62681-89-4/RN
L22
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
                                                 62681-88-3/RN
L23
             6 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                                 (L18 OR L19 OR L20 OR
L32
               L21 OR L22 OR L23)
```

=> d 132 1-6 all

```
ANSWER 1 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L32
     410538-28-2 REGISTRY
RN
ED
    Entered STN: 03 May 2002
    1,3-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 7-hydroxy-8-(1-naphthalenylazo)-,
CN
    monosodium salt (9CI)
                           (CA INDEX NAME)
    C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . Na
MF
SR
    Chemical Library
LC
     STN Files:
                 CHEMCATS
    (22915-90-8)
CRN
```

Ring System Data

Elementa	al Elementa	al Size o	of Ring Sy	stem Ring	RID
Analysis	s Sequence	e the Rir	igs Formu	la Identifi	er Occurrence
EA	ES	SZ	RF	RID	Count
=======	==+======	==+======	==+======	====+========	==+=======
C6-C6	C6-C6	16-6	C10	591.49.5	7 2

Na

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L32 ANSWER 2 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
RN
     250639-69-1 REGISTRY
ED
     Entered STN: 13 Dec 1999
CN
     1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 2-[(2-hydroxy-6-sulfo-1-
     naphthalenyl)azo]-, strontium salt (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
MF
     C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . Sr
SR
     CAS Client Services
                 CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
LC
     STN Files:
DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent
RL.P Roles from patents: PREP (Preparation)
CRN (111797-52-5)
```

Ring System Data

				tem Ring	
Analysis	Sequence	the Ri	ngs Formul	a Identifie	r Occurrence
EA	ES	SZ	RF	RID	Count
	=+======	=+=====	===+======	===+=======	=+=======
C6-C6	C6-C6	16-6	C10	591.49.57	' 2

Sr

142:262349 CA

Bindra, Amrit P.

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

Heat stable laked monoazo red pigment and its manufacture

REFERENCE 1

Les Henderson

AN

TI IN

```
PA
SO
             U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11 pp.
             CODEN: USXXCO
DT
             Patent
LΑ
             English
             ICM C09D011-00
IC
             ICS G03G009-00
NCL
             106031800
             37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
             Section cross-reference(s): 41, 42
FAN.CNT 1
             PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                     APPLICATION NO.
                                                          KIND DATE
                                                                                                                                                                     DATE
              ______
                                                     A1__20050310 US 2003-657485
       US 2005051050
                                                                                                                                                                     20030908
                                                          A1 20050324
                                                                                                                     WO 2004-US28950 20040903
            ; WO 2005026264
                                   AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA,
                         W:
                                    CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,
                                    GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,
                                    KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
                                    MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD,
                                    SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,
                        NOTE OF THE SET OF THE
                                    GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2003-657485
                                                          20030908
             The title red pigment has a unique x-ray diffraction pattern. Use
              of certain surface active agents e.g. alkylamine-guanidine
             polyoxyethanol during the coupling reaction facilitates the
              subsequent formation of the laked monoazo red pigments in the \boldsymbol{\beta}
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crystal form with a distinct X-ray diffraction pattern. The X-ray
     diffraction pattern comprises high diffraction intensities at
     diffraction angles of .apprx.10.4°, .apprx.17.5°,
     .apprx.18.7°, .apprx. 21.6° and .apprx.23°;
     moderate diffraction intensities at .apprx.14.4°,
     .apprx.15°, .apprx.24.4°, .apprx.24.8°,
     .apprx.25.2° and .apprx.26.2°; and low diffraction
     intensities at .apprx.about 15.4°, .apprx.17.5°,
     .apprx.17.8°, .apprx.19.3°, .apprx.20
     .apprx.21°, .apprx.21.8°, .apprx.26.6°, .apprx.28.6°, .apprx.30.2°, .apprx.31.6°, .apprx.32.1°, .apprx.34.8° and .apprx.38°.
     Also, the pH ranges described facilitate the formation of the laked
     monoazo red pigments in the \beta crystal form with a distinct
     X-ray diffraction pattern. Coating compns., ink compns., plastic
     compns., electrostatic toner compns., powder coating compns., paint
     compns., and paper compns. containing the red pigment have high chroma.
ST
     naphthalenesulfonic monoazo strontium salt pigment prepn
IT
     Amides, uses
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (coco, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl], N-oxides; heat stable laked
        monoazo red pigment)
     Amine oxides
IT
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (cocoalkyldimethyl; heat stable laked monoazo red pigment)
ΙT
     Azo dyes
     Pigments, nonbiological
        (heat stable laked monoazo red pigment)
IT
     Coating materials
     Electrographic toners
     Inks
     Surfactants
     Viscose
        (heat stable laked monoazo red pigment for)
TΤ
     Polyamides, uses
     Polycarbonates, uses
     Polyesters, uses
     Polyimides, uses
     Polyurethanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (heat stable laked monoazo red pigment for)
     41489-81-0, Sodium 2-hydroxynaphthalene-6-sulfonate
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (coupling component; heat stable laked monoazo red pigment)
     81-16-3, 2-Aminonaphthalene-1-sulfonic acid
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (diazotization; heat stable laked monoazo red pigment)
     1643-20-5, Lauryl dimethylamine oxide 2571-88-2,
IT
                                  3332-27-2, Myristyldimethylamine oxide
     Stearyldimethylamine oxide
     7128-91-8, Dimethylhexadecylamine oxide
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (heat stable laked monoazo red pigment)
IT
     9003-53-6, Polystyrene
                              25014-41-9, Polyacrylonitrile
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (heat stable laked monoazo red pigment for)
     9002-88-4, Polyethylene
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (pigmented test piece; heat stable laked monoazo red pigment for)
     250639-69-1P
TΤ
```

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) $(\beta \text{ crystal form; heat stable laked monoazo red pigment)}$

L32 ANSWER 3 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 139966-00-0 REGISTRY RN Entered STN: 27 Mar 1992 ED 1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 4-[(2-hydroxy-6-sulfo-1-CN naphthalenyl)azo]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) MF C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . Na CI COM SR CA LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN* (*File contains numerically searchable property data) CRN (25317 - 26 - 4)

Ring System Data

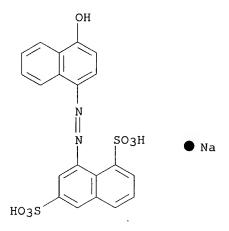
Elementa	l Elementa	l Size o	f Ring Syst	em Ring	RID
Analysis	Sequence	the Rin	gs Formula	Identifie	r Occurrence
EĀ	ES	SZ	RF	RID	Count
========	=+======	=+======	==+======	==+=====	=+=======
C6-C6	C6-C6	16-6	C10	591.49.57	12

Na

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L32 ANSWER 4 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
    90333-45-2 REGISTRY
RN
    Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
    1,6-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 8-[(4-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl)azo]-,
CN
    monopotassium monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
    C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . K . Na
MF
    STN Files:
                 CA, CAPLUS
LC
DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent
       Roles from patents: USES (Uses)
RL.P
CRN
    (687614-15-9)
```

Ring System Data

Elementa	l Elementa	l Size o	of Ring Sys	stem Ring	RID
Analysis	Sequence	the Rir	ngs Formul	la Identifi	er Occurrence
EA	ES	SZ	RF	RID	Count
=======	=+======	=+=====	===+======	====+=======	==+=======
C6-C6	C6-C6	16-6	C10	591.49.5	7 2



K

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1

AN 101:25140 CA

TI Recording solutions

PA Canon K. K., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC C09D011-00; C09D011-16

CC 42-12 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

Section cross-reference(s): 41

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 58176260 PRAI JP 1982-57985	A2 19831015 19820409	JP 1982-57985	19820409

The recording solns. contain compds. I [R, R1, R2, R3 = H, halogen, AB OH, NO2, Me, OMe, SO3R8; R4, R5, R6, R7 = H, OH, SO3R8; ≥ 1 substituent of R4-7 is OH; R8 = alkali metal, (substituted) ammonium, amine moiety] are claimed. The solns. for ink-jet recording containing I have excellent and well-balanced recording properties, storage stability, dissoln. stability in liquid solvents, and setting properties on printing paper, and give printed letters showing excellent weatherability, light resistance, water resistance, and alc. resistance. Thus, a SiO2 layer was laminated onto an alumina plate by sputtering; a HfB2 resistance-heating layer was laminated on the SiO2 layer to give a resistance-heating pattern by selective etching, where a SiO2 protective layer was laminated to give an elec. heat exchanger. A glass plate was connected with the exchanger so that its grooves agreed with the resistance-heating body to give a recording head. Sep., I (R6 = 8-OH; R7 - 6-SO3Na; R and R1-5 = H) [90333-47-4] 3, diethylene glycol 25, N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone 20, and H2O 52 parts were mixed and dissolved to give a solution, which was used with the above recording head to five 150 h of continuous recording.

ST azo jet printing ink; hydroxyazonaphthalene jet printing ink; recording head jet printing ink

IT Recording apparatus

(heads, photo-alumina-hafnium boron-glass, for jet-printing inks)

IT Dyes, azo

(hydroxyazonaphthalenes, jet-printing inks containing, storage-stable, for continuous use)

IT Inks

(jet-printing, hydroxyazonaphthalene-based, storage-stable, for continuous use)

5858-33-3 90333-33-8 90333-34-9 ΙT 2653-72-7 5851-03-6 90333-35-0 90333-36-1 90333-37-2 90333-38-3 90333-39-4 90333-40-7 90333-41-8 90333-42-9 90333-43-0 90333-44-1 90333-46-3 90333-47-4 90339-77-8 90339-81-4 90333-45-2 RL: USES (Uses)

(inks, jet-printing, storage-stable, for continuous use)

IT 7631-86-9, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(laminates with aluminum and hafnium boride and glass, recording heads, for jet-printing inks)

IT 12007-23-7

RL: USES (Uses)

(laminates with silica and alumina and glass, recording heads, for jet-printing inks)

IT 1344-28-1, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(laminates with silica and hafnium boride and glass, recording heads, for jet-printing inks)

L32 ANSWER 5 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 62681-89-4 REGISTRY RN Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984 ED 1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 5-hydroxy-6-[(4-sulfo-1naphthalenyl)azo]-, monosodium salt, radical ion(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . Na MF CI RIS STN Files: CA, CAPLUS LCDT.CA CAplus document type: Journal

CRN (763028-67-7)

Ring System Data Elemental|Elemental| Size of |Ring System| Ring | Analysis |Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence EA | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: RACT (Reactant or reagent)

_____+ C6-C6 | C6-C6 | 6-6 | C10 |591.49.57 |2

Na

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1

86:170246 CA AN TI

ESR investigation of the radical intermediates formed in the photoreduction of azo dyes

Heijkoop, G.; Van Beek, H. C. A. ΑU

Lab. Chem. Technol., Univ. Technol., Delft, Neth. CS

Recueil des Travaux Chimiques des Pays-Bas (1977), 96(3), 83-5 SO

CODEN: RTCPA3; ISSN: 0165-0513

1C6-C6

C6-C6

| 6-6

|C10

```
\mathbf{DT}
     Journal
     English
LA
     22-2 (Physical Organic Chemistry)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 40
     ESR spectra of hydrazyl and aminonaphthoxy radicals formed upon
AB
     photoredn. of azo dyes were measured. For the hydrazyl radicals the
     results obtained further confirm previous investigations of the
     mechanism of photoredn. of azo dyes. The direct identification in
     photoreduced dye solns. of aminonaphthoxy radicals, which are formed
     in the oxidation reduction equilibrium of aminonaphthols and iminoquinones
     provides strong evidence for previously proposed mechanisms for the
     disproportionation of hydrazyl radicals.
     azo dye photoredn mechanism; ESR hydrazyl aminonaphthoxy
ST
     Radicals, preparation
TΤ
     RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
        (formation of, in photoredn. of azo dyes, ESR of)
     Electron spin resonance
TT
        (of aminonaphthoxy and hydrazyl radicals, from photoredn. of azo
        dyes)
TT
     Reduction, photochemical
        (of azo dyes, ESR of radicals from)
IT
     Dves, azo
        (photoredn. of, ESR of radicals from)
     62681-71-4 62681-72-5 62681-73-6 62705-58-2
IT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (ESR of)
                  62681-89-4 62681-90-7
                                                        62681-92-9
IT
     62681-88-3
                                           62681-91-8
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (photoredn. of, ESR of radicals from)
L32 ANSWER 6 OF 6 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     62681-88-3 REGISTRY
RN
     Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
ED
     1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 4-hydroxy-3-[(4-sulfo-1-
CN
     naphthalenyl)azo]-, monosodium salt, radical ion(1-) (9CI) (CA
     INDEX NAME)
MF
     C20 H14 N2 O7 S2 . Na
     RIS
CT
     STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal
RL.NP Roles from non-patents: RACT (Reactant or reagent)
CRN (783249-96-7)
Ring System Data
Elemental|Elemental| Size of |Ring System| Ring |
Analysis |Sequence | the Rings | Formula | Identifier | Occurrence
        | ES | SZ | RF | RID | Count
______+__+__=+=====++====++===+===+==++==++==++==++==
```

|591.49.57 |2

Na

86:170246 CA

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1

AN

ESR investigation of the radical intermediates formed in the TΙ photoreduction of azo dyes Heijkoop, G.; Van Beek, H. C. A. ΑU Lab. Chem. Technol., Univ. Technol., Delft, Neth. CS Recueil des Travaux Chimiques des Pays-Bas (1977), 96(3), 83-5 SO CODEN: RTCPA3; ISSN: 0165-0513 DTJournal English LA CC 22-2 (Physical Organic Chemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 40 ESR spectra of hydrazyl and aminonaphthoxy radicals formed upon AB photoredn. of azo dyes were measured. For the hydrazyl radicals the results obtained further confirm previous investigations of the mechanism of photoredn. of azo dyes. The direct identification in photoreduced dye solns. of aminonaphthoxy radicals, which are formed in the oxidation reduction equilibrium of aminonaphthols and iminoquinones provides strong evidence for previously proposed mechanisms for the disproportionation of hydrazyl radicals. azo dye photoredn mechanism; ESR hydrazyl aminonaphthoxy ST Radicals, preparation IT RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative) (formation of, in photoredn. of azo dyes, ESR of) ΙT Electron spin resonance (of aminonaphthoxy and hydrazyl radicals, from photoredn. of azo dyes) Reduction, photochemical ΙT (of azo dyes, ESR of radicals from) ΙT (photoredn. of, ESR of radicals from) 62681-72-5 62681-73-6 62705-58-2 62681-71-4

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RL: PRP (Properties)
```

(ESR of)

IT 62681-88-3 62681-89-4 62681-90-7 62681-91-8 62681-92-9

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(photoredn. of, ESR of radicals from)

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=> => d que stat 133
L9
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 141025-34-5/RN
L14
             1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9
L18
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 410538-28-2/RN
             1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 250639-69-1/RN
L19
            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 139966-00-0/RN
L20
            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 90333-45-2/RN
L21
            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 62681-89-4/RN
L22
            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 62681-88-3/RN
L23
            O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L18
L24
            1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L19
L25
            O SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L20
L26
L27
            1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L21
            1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22
L28
            1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L23
L29
            4 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 OR (L24 OR L25 OR
L33
               L26 OR L27 OR L28 OR L29)
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=> d 133 1-4 ibib abs hitstr hitind

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:219481 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:262349

TITLE: Heat stable laked monoazo red pigment and its

manufacture

INVENTOR(S):
Bindra, Amrit P.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 US 2005051050	A1	20050310	US 2003-657485	
				200309 08
WO 2005026264	A1	20050324	WO 2004-US28950	200409 03
CH, CN, GB, GD, KR, KZ, MX, MZ, SE, SG, VC, VN,	CO, CR, CU GE, GH, GM LC, LK, LF NA, NI, NC SK, SL, SY YU, ZA, ZM	J, CZ, DE, DK, M, HR, HU, ID, R, LS, LT, LU, D, NZ, OM, PG, Y, TJ, TM, TN, M, ZW	, BB, BG, BR, BW, , DM, DZ, EC, EE, , IL, IN, IS, JP, , LV, MA, MD, MG, , PH, PL, PT, RO, , TR, TT, TZ, UA,	BY, BZ, CA, EG, ES, FI, KE, KG, KP, MK, MN, MW, RU, SC, SD, UG, US, UZ,

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AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:

US 2003-657485

A

200309
```

AΒ The title red pigment has a unique x-ray diffraction pattern. of certain surface active agents e.g. alkylamine-guanidine polyoxyethanol during the coupling reaction facilitates the subsequent formation of the laked monoazo red pigments in the β crystal form with a distinct X-ray diffraction pattern. The X-ray diffraction pattern comprises high diffraction intensities at diffraction angles of .apprx.10.4°, .apprx.17.5°, .apprx.18.7°, .apprx. 21.6° and .apprx.23°; moderate diffraction intensities at .apprx.14.4°, .apprx.15°, .apprx.24.4°, .apprx.24.8°, .apprx.25.2° and .apprx.26.2°; and low diffraction intensities at .apprx.about 15.4°, .apprx.17.5°, .apprx.17.8°, .apprx.19.3°, .apprx.20° .apprx.21°, .apprx.21.8°, .apprx.26.6°, .apprx.28.6°, .apprx.30.2°, .apprx.31.6°, .apprx.32.1°, .apprx.34.8° and .apprx.38°. Also, the pH ranges described facilitate the formation of the laked monoazo red pigments in the β crystal form with a distinct X-ray diffraction pattern. Coating compns., ink compns., plastic compns., electrostatic toner compns., powder coating compns., paint compns., and paper compns. containing the red pigment have high chroma. ΙT RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (β crystal form; heat stable laked monoazo red pigment)

RN 250639-69-1 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 2-[(2-hydroxy-6-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl)azo]-, strontium salt (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Sr

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IC     ICM     C09D011-00
        ICS     G03G009-00
NCL     106031800; 106494000; 106402000; 106496000; 534581000; 534602000;
        534883000; 524190000; 430108230
```

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CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
Section cross-reference(s): 41, 42
```

IT 250639-69-1P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) . (β crystal form; heat stable laked monoazo red pigment)

L33 ANSWER 2 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:257360 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:257360

TITLE: Preparation of mixed laked azo pigments

INVENTOR(S): Necas, Miroslav; Plechacek, Vaclav

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Czech.

SOURCE: Czech., 4 pp.

CODEN: CZXXA9

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Czech

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CS 268606	B1	19900314	CS 1988-6215	198809
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CS 1988-6215	19 198809
				19

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 116:257360

AB Red pigments for printing inks, varnishes, and plastics with brilliant modified shades are prepared by coupling a mixture containing 75-99.5% diazotized 2,4,5-H2N(R1)(R2)C6H2SO3H (R1, R2 = H, C1, Me) and 0.5-25% diazotized 2,n-H2NC10H6SO3H (n = 1, 5, 6, 7, 8) with 3,2-HOC10H6CO2H (I) and laking the zo dye with Ca, Ba, Mg, Sr, or Mn. A mixture containing 96 mol% Ca salt of 2,4-HO3S MeC6H3NH2 \rightarrow I (II) and 4 mol% Ca salt of 1,2-HO3SC10H6-NH2 \rightarrow I was prepared in this way and had a more bluish shade than II.

IT 141025-34-5

RL: USES (Uses)

(mixts. containing, manufacture of, as pigments)

RN 141025-34-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 2-[(2-hydroxy-3-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl)azo]-, calcium salt (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ca

IC ICM C09B065-00

CC 41-3 (Dyes, Organic Pigments, Fluorescent Brighteners, and

Photographic Sensitizers)

IT 73612-29-0 141025-33-4 **141025-34-5** 141025-35-6

141025-36-7 141025-37-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(mixts. containing, manufacture of, as pigments)

L33 ANSWER 3 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:425140 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

101:25140

TITLE:

Recording solutions

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Canon K. K., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 58176260	A2	19831015	JP 1982-57985	198204
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1982-57985	09 198204

GΙ

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R1 & R5 \\
R4 & R4
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R2 & R6 & R7
\end{array}$$

AB The recording solns. contain compds. I [R, R1, R2, R3 = H, halogen, OH, NO2, Me, OMe, SO3R8; R4, R5, R6, R7 = H, OH, SO3R8; ≥1 substituent of R4-7 is OH; R8 = alkali metal, (substituted) ammonium, amine moiety] are claimed. The solns. for ink-jet recording containing I have excellent and well-balanced recording properties, storage stability, dissoln. stability in liquid solvents, and setting properties on printing paper, and give printed letters showing excellent weatherability, light resistance, water resistance, and alc. resistance. Thus, a SiO2 layer was laminated onto an alumina plate by sputtering; a HfB2 resistance-heating layer was laminated on the SiO2 layer to give a resistance-heating pattern by selective etching, where a SiO2 protective layer was laminated to give an elec. heat exchanger. A glass plate was connected with the exchanger so that its grooves agreed with the resistance-heating body to give a recording head. Sep., I (R6 = 8-OH; R7 - 6-SO3Na; R and R1-5 = H) [90333-47-4] 3, diethylene glycol 25, N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone 20, and H2O 52 parts were mixed and dissolved to give a solution, which was used with the above recording head to five 150 h of continuous recording.

IT 90333-45-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(inks, jet-printing, storage-stable, for continuous use)

RN 90333-45-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1,6-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 8-[(4-hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl)azo]-, monopotassium monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

K

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C09D011-00; C09D011-16
IC
     42-12 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 41
IT
     2653-72-7 5851-03-6 5858-33-3 90333-33-8 90333-34-9
     90333-35-0 90333-36-1 90333-37-2
                                           90333-38-3 90333-39-4
     90333-40-7 90333-41-8
                               90333-42-9
                                            90333-43-0
                                                        90333-44-1
     90333-45-2
                90333-46-3
                              90333-47-4
                                            90339-77-8
     90339-81-4
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (inks, jet-printing, storage-stable, for continuous use)
L33 ANSWER 4 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1977:170246 HCAPLUS
                         86:170246
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         ESR investigation of the radical intermediates
TITLE:
                         formed in the photoreduction of azo dyes
AUTHOR(S):
                         Heijkoop, G.; Van Beek, H. C. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Lab. Chem. Technol., Univ. Technol., Delft,
                         Neth.
                         Recueil des Travaux Chimiques des Pays-Bas
SOURCE:
                         (1977), 96(3), 83-5
                         CODEN: RTCPA3; ISSN: 0165-0513
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
                         English
LANGUAGE:
    ESR spectra of hydrazyl and aminonaphthoxy radicals formed upon
AB
    photoredn. of azo dyes were measured. For the hydrazyl radicals the
     results obtained further confirm previous investigations of the
    mechanism of photoredn. of azo dyes. The direct identification in
    photoreduced dye solns. of aminonaphthoxy radicals, which are formed
    in the oxidation reduction equilibrium of aminonaphthols and iminoquinones
    provides strong evidence for previously proposed mechanisms for the
    disproportionation of hydrazyl radicals.
IT
    62681-88-3 62681-89-4
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (photoredn. of, ESR of radicals from)
RN
    62681-88-3 HCAPLUS
CN
    1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 4-hydroxy-3-[(4-sulfo-1-
```

naphthalenyl)azo]-, monosodium salt, radical ion(1-) (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

Na

Na